

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

Claims 1-12. (Cancelled)

Claim 13. (Withdrawn) A dietary ingredient comprising at least one edible lipid, wherein said lipid enhances mineral absorption and intake, and wherein said lipid is selected from the group consisting of chemically or enzymatically synthesized synthetic oils, particularly glyceride-based lipids with over 50% of mono- or polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 of the glycerol backbone, vegetable- and plant-derived, preferably flax and canola oils, short and medium chains lipids, preferably MCT and oils mimicking the triglyceride composition of human mother's milk fat, for use in the preparation of a food article for infants and/or children.

Claim 14. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 13, wherein said lipid is a mimetic of human mother's milk fat.

Claim 15. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 13, wherein said minerals are selected from the group consisting of calcium, magnesium, iron and other divalent minerals.

Claim 16. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 13, further comprising at least one of edible additives, emulsifiers or carriers.

Claim 17. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 13, for use as an agent in the enhancement of calcium absorption.

Claim 18. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 13, for use as an agent in the prevention and/or treatment of disorders associated with depletion of bone calcium and/or depletion of bone density.

Claim 19. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 18, for use as an agent in the prevention and/or treatment of osteoporosis.

Claim 20. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 13, for use as an agent in the enhancement of bone formation and bone mass maximization.

Claim 21. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 20, for use as an agent in the enhancement of bone formation in infants and young children.

Claim 22. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 13, for use as an agent in the enhancement of energy intake by infants and children.

Claim 23. (Withdrawn) A food article comprising the dietary ingredient of claim 13.

Claim 24. (Withdrawn) The food article of claim 23, wherein said food article is selected from the group consisting of infant food, children food, bakery products, including bread, particularly biscuits and pastries, dairy products, including milk and dairy drinks, ice cream, cereal products, sauces, spreads, including margarine, oils and fats, soy products, meat products, fried food products, confectionery products, candy bars, candies and chocolates, snacks, drinks and shakes, instant drink products, prepared foods for infants and young children and for adults, including prepared cooked mashed vegetables and/or fruits, condiment products.

Claim 25. (Cancelled)

Claim 26. (Withdrawn) A method of enhancing bone formation and bone mass maximization, said method comprising administering to a subject in need an effective amount of a dietary ingredient comprising at least one edible lipid, wherein said lipid enhances mineral absorption and intake, and wherein said lipid is selected from the group consisting of chemically or enzymatically synthesized synthetic oils, particularly glyceride-based lipids with over 50% of mono- or polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 of the glycerol backbone, vegetable- and plant- derived, preferably flax and canola oils, short and medium chains lipids, preferably MCT and oils mimicking the triglyceride composition of human mother's milk fat.

Claim 27. (Withdrawn) A method of enhancing bone formation in children, said method comprising administering to a subject in need an effective amount of a dietary ingredient comprising at least one edible lipid, wherein said lipid enhances mineral absorption and intake, and wherein said lipid is selected from the group consisting of chemically or enzymatically synthesized synthetic oils, particularly glyceride-based lipids with over 50% of mono- or polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 of the glycerol backbone, vegetable- and plant- derived, preferably flax and canola oils, short and medium chains lipids, preferably MCT and oils mimicking the triglyceride composition of human mother's milk fat.

Claim 28. (Withdrawn) A method of prevention and/or treatment of disorders associated with one of depletion of bone calcium and depletion of bone density, said method comprising administering to a subject in need an effective amount of a dietary ingredient comprising at least one edible lipid, wherein said lipid enhances mineral absorption and intake, and wherein said lipid is selected from the group consisting of chemically or enzymatically synthesized synthetic oils, particularly glyceride-based lipids with over 50% of mono- or polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 of the glycerol backbone, vegetable- and plant- derived, preferably flax and canola oils, short and medium chains lipids, preferably MCT and oils mimicking the triglyceride composition of human mother's milk fat.

Claim 29. (Withdrawn) A method of prevention and/or treatment of osteoporosis, said method comprising administering to a subject in need an effective amount of a dietary ingredient comprising at least one edible lipid, wherein said lipid enhances mineral absorption and intake, and wherein said lipid is selected from the group consisting of chemically or enzymatically synthesized synthetic oils, particularly glyceride-based lipids with over 50% of mono- or polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 of the glycerol backbone, vegetable- and plant- derived, preferably flax and canola oils, short and medium chains lipids, preferably MCT and oils mimicking the triglyceride composition of human mother's milk fat.

Claim 30. (Withdrawn) A method of enhancing energy intake by infants and children, said method comprising administering to a subject in need an effective amount of a dietary ingredient comprising at least one edible lipid, wherein said lipid enhances mineral absorption and intake, and wherein said lipid is selected from the group consisting of chemically or enzymatically synthesized synthetic oils, particularly glyceride-based lipids with over 50% of mono- or polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 of the glycerol backbone, vegetable- and plant- derived, preferably flax and canola oils, short and medium chains lipids, preferably MCT and oils mimicking the triglyceride composition of human mother's milk fat.

Claim 31. (Canceled)

Claim 32. (Currently amended) The method of claim 42 ~~25~~, wherein said food article is selected from the group consisting of ~~non-infant~~ children's food other than infant formula, bakery products, dairy products, ice cream, cereal products, sauces, spreads, oils and fats, soy products, meat products, fried food products, confectionery products, candy bars, candies and chocolates, snacks, drinks and shakes, instant drink products, prepared foods for young ~~non-infant~~ children other than infant formula and for adults, and condiment products.

Claim 33. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein said food article further comprises calcium and is a calcium supplement, said administration thereby supplementing said subject with calcium.

Claim 34. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein said edible lipid replaces unhealthy oils and fats characterized by a relatively high degree of fatty acid saturation at the sn-1 and sn-3 positions present in diets of non-infant young children, adolescents, and young people.

Claim 35. (Withdrawn) A method for preparing a dietary calcium supplement for enhancing calcium absorption, bone formation, and bone mass maximization in non-infant children or adults wherein said method includes admixing an enzymatically synthesized glyceride-based lipid with over 50% of mono- and polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 of a glycerol backbone and a high level of palmitic acid at position sn-2 of the glycerol backbone with calcium and at least one of additives, emulsifiers, or carriers.

Claim 36. (Currently amended) The method of claim 42 ~~25~~, wherein said edible lipid administered is a glyceride-based lipid with over 50% of mono- or polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 of a glycerol backbone and a high level of palmitic acid at position sn-2 of the glycerol backbone which during digestion does not generate or generates in very small amounts indigestible calcium complexes.

37. (Currently amended) The method of claim 42 ~~25~~, wherein said plant-derived oil is flax oil or canola oil.

38. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein said bakery product is any one of bread, biscuits and pastries.

39. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein said dairy product is any one of milk and dairy drinks.

40. (Canceled)

41. (Previously presented) The method of claim 33, wherein said lipid ingredient serves as a carrier for calcium.

42. (New) A method of enhancing dietary calcium absorption, bone formation and bone mass maximization, in a non-infant child or adult subject, said method comprising preparing (1) a food article, excluding infant formula, for consumption by said subject, or (2) a lipid-based dietary supplement for consumption by said subject, wherein said food article or said dietary supplement comprises at least one edible lipid that enhances calcium absorption and intake, and wherein said lipid is selected from the group consisting of chemically or enzymatically synthesized vegetable-and plant-derived synthetic oils, being glyceride-based lipids with over 50% of mono-or polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions *sn*-1 and *sn*-3 and a high level of palmitic acid at position *sn*-2 of the glycerol backbone, wherein said edible lipid is free of all or most of unhealthy oils and fats characterized by a relatively high degree of fatty acid saturation at the *sn*-1 and *sn*-3 positions and wherein said edible lipid constitutes the lipid-base of said dietary supplement.

43. (New) The method of claim 33, wherein said lipid ingredient serves as a carrier for calcium.